PEI Alcohol Policy Forum

Marketing and Availability:

Optimizing policy to protect public health



Dr. Kara Thompson

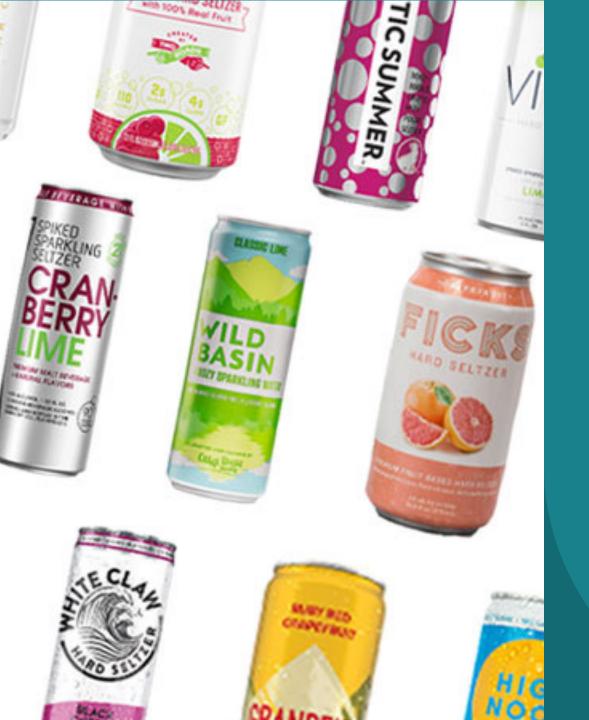
Associate Professor, Department of Psychology

St. Francis Xavier University

What works when it comes to reducing alcohol related harm?

The World Health Organization (WHO, 2017) has recommended three "best buys"

- Enforcing bans on alcohol advertising
- Restricting access to alcohol
- Increasing alcohol taxes



What is Alcohol Marketing?

 [Marketing] refers to any commercial communication or other action, including advertising, promotion, and sponsorship, that is designed to increase—or have the effect or likely effect of increasing—the recognition, appeal and/or consumption of alcoholic beverages and of particular new or existing alcohol brands or products.

• (Pan American Health Organization, 2017, p. 6).

The impact of alcohol marketing

π	Alcohol marketing exposure is linked to:	Drinking initiation
		Increased consumption
		More alcohol-related problems
U		Increased risk of binge and hazardous drinking behaviors



Active participation and interaction with digital alcohol advertising is associated with: Increased alcohol consumption Increased binge or hazardous drinking behavior Limited research that *exposure* to digital content impacts use



January 26 · 🌣

Who gave you guys the right to be so damn cute? Keep commenting your fave food to pair with BABE for your chance to win the ultimate game day feast. Make sure to include #BABEWinePairings and #sweepstakes 🏈 🍷

...

No Purchase Necessary. Open to US residents 21+. Begins 1/4/2021 and ends 1/31/2021. See Officials Rules at

https://drinkbabe.net/pages/babe-wine-pairings for entry, prize and details. Message and data rates may apply. Valid where prohibited.

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iillian.harris 🗇 • Following Paid partnership with lamarcapros

last month I surprised our Nan Melissa, with a bottle of @LaMarcaProsecco_ca and a b filled with ingredients for the p pizza night in to show her how we love and appreciate everyth does for our family. Well, this r have teamed up with @lamarcaprosecco_ca again b time to make YOUR day SPARH That's right, TWO lucky winner receive a custom curated La M Prosecco sparkle basket hand by yours truly that includes ite as my "Fraiche Foods, Full Hea cookbook, engraved La Marca Prosecco flutes, this gorgeous basket filled with some of my favourite

jillian.harris 🐡 Some of you m

M Liked by souleschris and 19,223 others AUGUST 17, 2020

 (\cdot, \cdot) Add a comment...

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Reply to northbrewing...

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northbrewing 21h

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FOR MORE DETAILS VISIT MICROINFLUENCER.CA

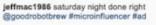


jentogra @goodro) 🕅 phyy Here's botbrew #m	what i'll be	drinking this	s summer
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Chris2212122 Can't believe i just hit 100 followers! @goodrobotbrew #microinfluencer #sponsored





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hannana.phone My fav seltzer for this summer @goodrobotbrew #microinfluencer #ad





Public Health Concerns



Difficult to identify persuasive content

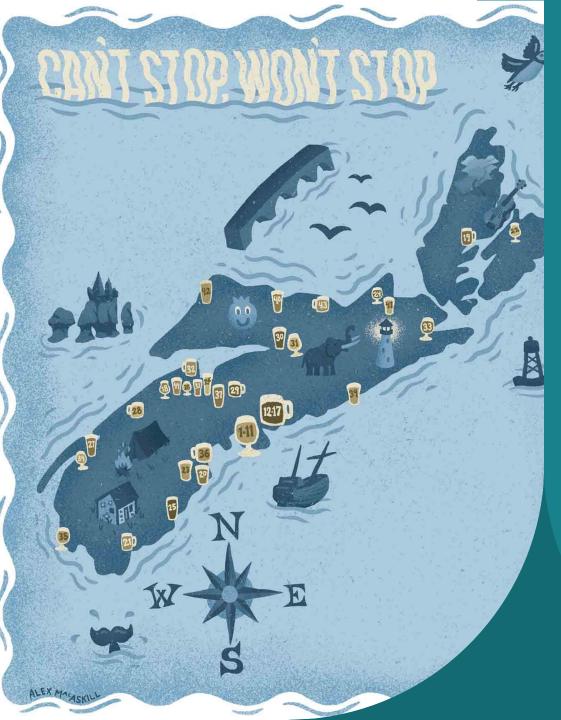
Violation of alcohol marketing regulations



Violation of copyright and privacy laws



Normalization of drinking



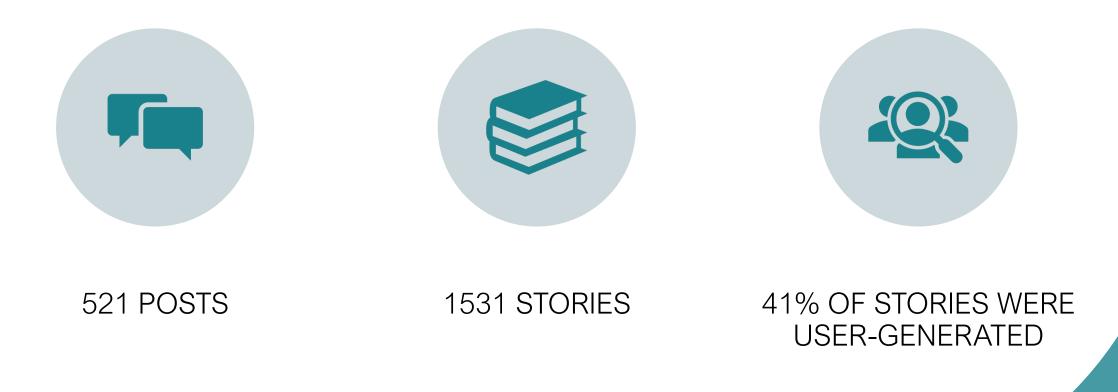
We tracked...

 Instagram posts and stories of all NS breweries and distilleries from July 1st to July 30th 2021

We asked...

- How prevalent is the use of user-generated content?
- Does the content violate CRTC advertising guidelines?

How prevalent are user-generated ads?



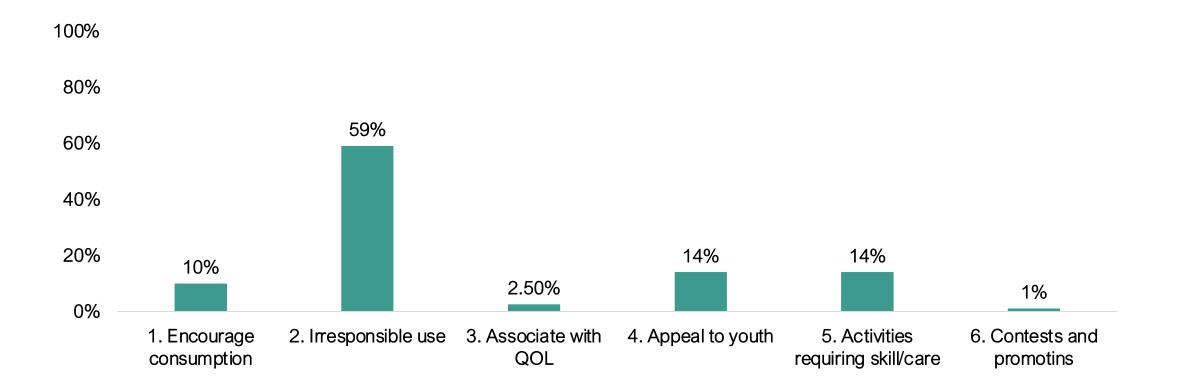
Thompson, K. et al., (2022). # Cheers: an examination of user-generated alcohol advertising on Instagram. *Substance Use & Misuse*, 1-7.

Six key themes of the CRIC code

Canadian Radio, Television and Broadcasting Commission's (CRTC) Code for Broadcast Advertising of Alcoholic Beverages (CBAAS).

- Advertising must not encourage the general consumption of alcohol
- Advertising must not promote the irresponsible or illegal use of alcohol
- Advertising must not associate alcohol with social or personal achievement
- Advertising must not be directed to persons under the legal drinking age
- Advertising must not associate alcohol with the use of motor vehicles or with activities requiring a significant degree of skill or care
- Contests and promotions cannot be conditional on the purchase or consumption of alcohol

Do UGC ads violate current regulations?



Examples









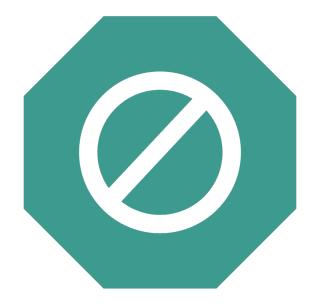








Areas for Improvement



- Not updated since <u>1996!!!</u>
- Does not apply to digital media
- No restrictions on quantity and volume of ads
- Pre-clearance is voluntary
- Not enforced by an independent authority

CAPE 2.0 – Best practice in alcohol marketing



HDI 2018 This map is based on data from globaldatalab.org Map created by Allice Hunter on 05 Nov, 2020 This work is licensed under CC BY-SA 4.0

1. Comprehensiveness of alcohol regulations (6pt)

- Restrictions on physical location, quantity, price ads, alcohol sponsorship
- Regulations cover all media types and apply across all advertisers

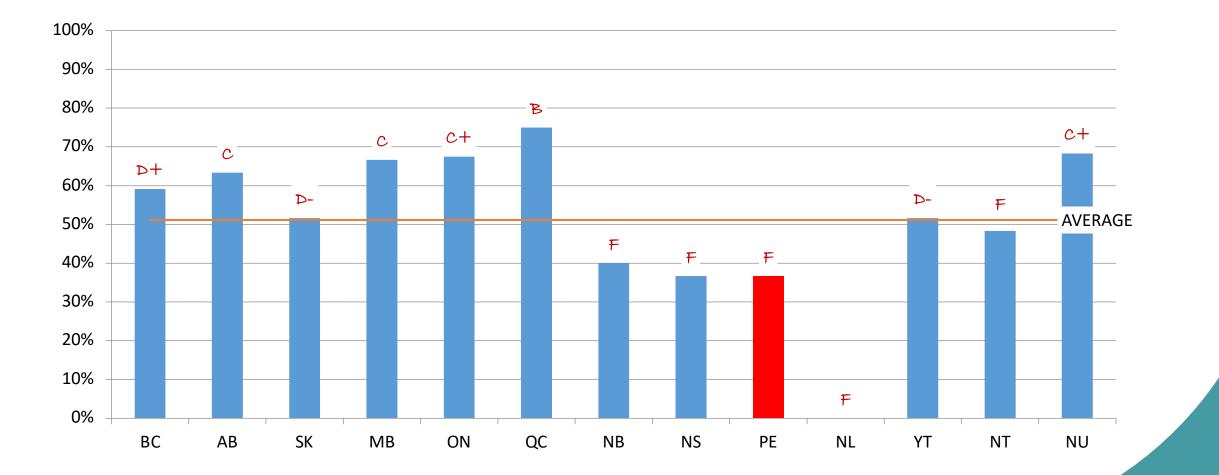
• 2. Enforcement of advertising regulations (3pt)

- Independent authority responsible for enforcement of regulations
- Independent pre-screening system
- Penalties commensurate with violations and escalate with frequency/severity of violation

3. Focus of the liquor boards social media presence (1pt)

Ratio of posts dedicated to health and safety vs alcohol promotion

Marketing/Advertising Controls: 37%



Marketing: Indicator Scores

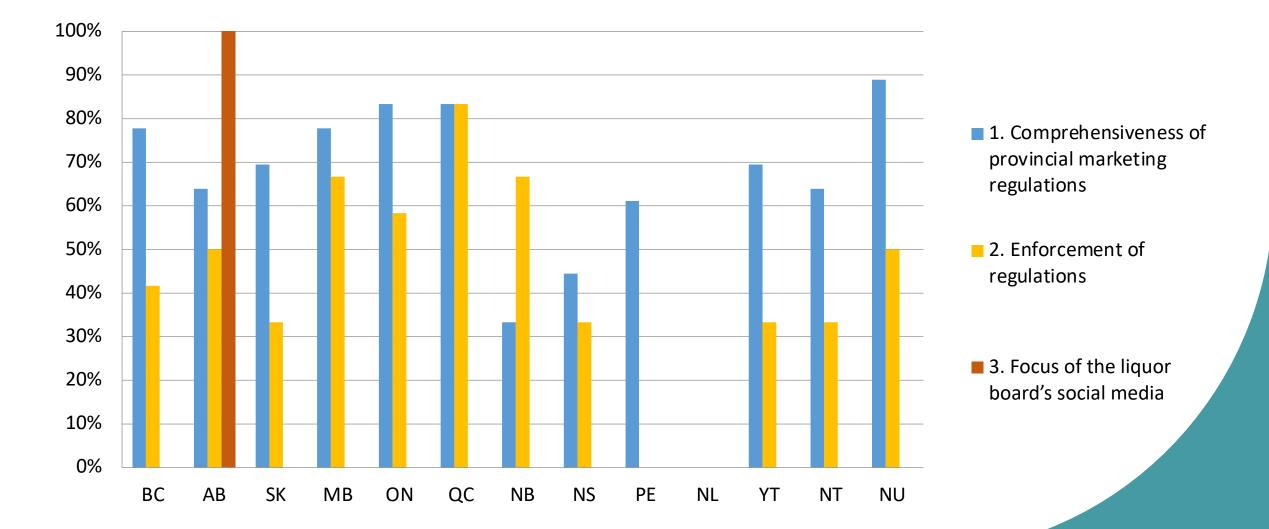




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•••

4 likes peiliquor Large format wines are perfect for holiday hosting!



Note

S likes

peiliquor The perfect cozy cocktail recipe...

Baileys S'mores + Hot Chocolate + Toasted Mini

Marshmallows

January 10

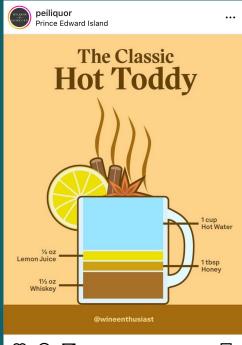


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PEI – Marketing Recommendations

 Implement marketing restrictions on the content, placement, and volume of advertising that apply to all advertisers and media types, particularly digital marketing and promotional items.

Appoint an independent authority with a public health and/or safety focus
responsible for enforcement with mandatory pre-screening requirements for all alcohol
ads, a formal complaint system, and penalties that are commensurate with violations
and escalate with the frequency and severity of the violation.

Physical Availability

Policies that Impact Availability



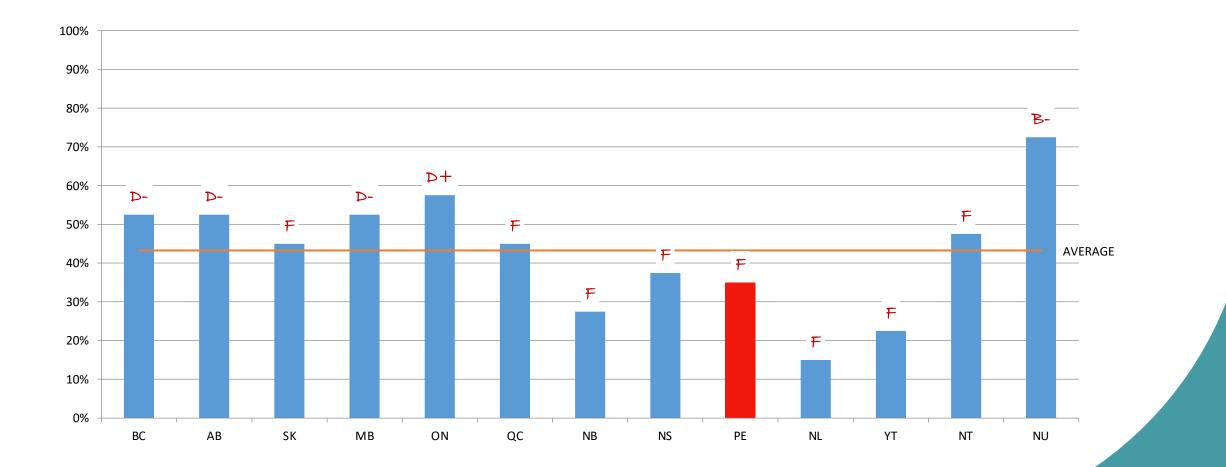
CAPE 2.0 – Best Practice in Regulating Availability

1. Regulations pertaining to outlet placement and safety (2pt)

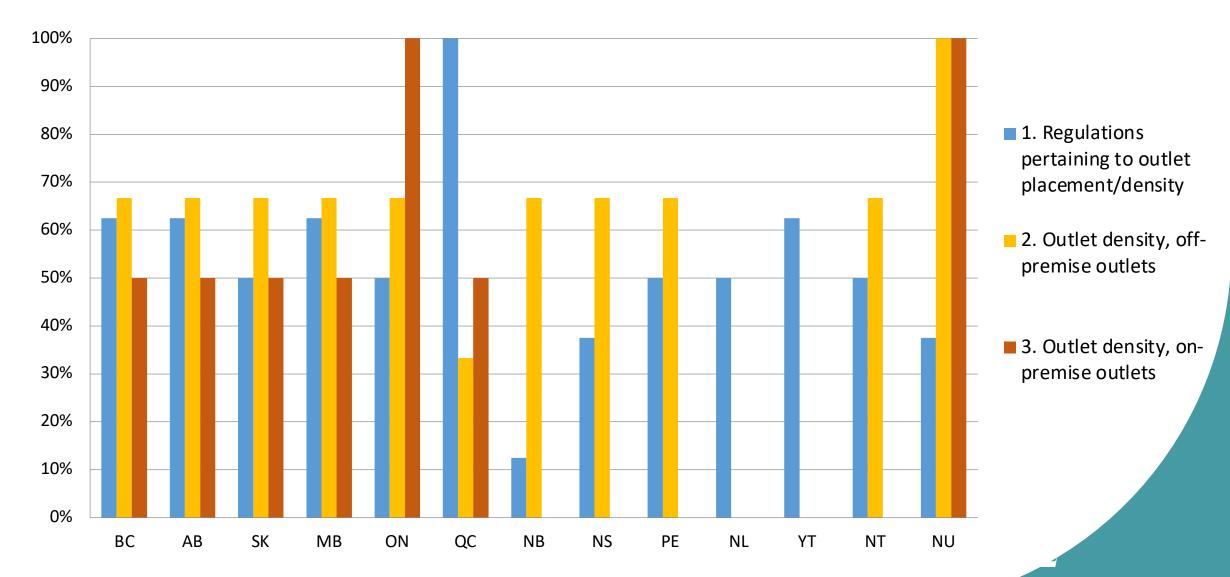
- Restrictions on outlet placements and number of outlets
- 2. Outlet density off-premise (3pts)
 - less than 2 outlets per 10,000 capita 15 years and older.
- 3. Outlet density on-premise (2pt)
 - less than 15 outlets per 10,000 capita 15 years and older
- 4. Hours of operation (2pt)
 - Off-premise: 11am 8pm
 - On-premise: 11am 1am
- 5. On-premise availability (1pt)
 - Prohibit tastings, permit recorking, limits on drinks per customer at one time.



Physical Availability: 35%



Indicator Scores



Hours of operation

Province	Regulated hours of operation (off-premise)*	Regulated hours of operation (on-premise)**
NB	10:00am-9:00pm†	6:00/9:00am-2:00am the next day Hours vary by licence type
NS	9:30am-10:00pm† (Agency stores: 7:00am-12am)	10:00/11:00am-2:00/3:30am the next day† Hours vary by licence type
PE	9:00am-10:00pm†	11:00am-2:00am the next day†
NL	10:00am-10:00pm† (Brewer's Agent and Brewer's retail stores: 9:00am-2:00am the next day)	9:00am- 2:00am the next day (3:00am the next day Thursday to Sunday with an extended licence)

* Hours of operation as defined in regulation for off-premise retail outlets. Different retail outlet types such as agency stores and farmer's markets may have varying hours of operation that extend beyond the regulated hours noted above in Table 3.
**Hours of operation as defined in regulation for on-premise establishments. Different licence types may have varying hours of operation.
+ Hours of operation vary by day of the week (i.e. shorter hours on Sundays)

PEI – policy recommendations

 Introduce legislated restrictions on outlet density for both onpremise establishments and off-premise retail stores.

 Limit the availability of alcohol by reducing trading hours; do not allow early morning off-premise alcohol sales (i.e. before 11:00am) or late-night sales (i.e. after 8pm) without exceptions e.g. for major events.



Take aways

- Digital advertising deserves immediate attention
- Protecting youth and reducing youth exposure to alcohol should be prioritized
- Increasing the convenience of alcohol will increase consumption and related harms
- Active supervision and robust enforcement are needed to ensure the effectiveness of these policies.

Thank you

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